# **Unit 2 Lesson 6: Different Forms**

# 1 Which One Doesn't Belong: Small Differences (Warm up)

#### Student Task Statement

Which one doesn't belong?

A: 
$$y = (x + 4)(x - 6)$$
  
B:  $y = 2x^2 - 8x - 24$   
C:  $y = x^2 + 5x - 25$ 

D:  $y = x^3 + 3x^2 - 10x - 24$ 

## 2 The Return of the Box

#### **Student Task Statement**

Earlier, we learned we can make a box from a piece of paper by cutting squares of side length x from each corner and then folding up the sides. Let's say we now have a piece of paper that is 8.5 inches by 14 inches. The volume V, in cubic inches, of the box is a function of the side length x where V(x) = (14 - 2x)(8.5 - 2x)(x).

- 1. Identify the degree and leading term of the polynomial. Explain or show your reasoning.
- 2. Without graphing, what can you say about the horizontal and vertical intercepts of the graph of V? Do these points make sense in this situation?

### **3 Using Diagrams to Multiply (Optional)**

#### Student Task Statement

- 1. Use the distributive property to show that each pair of expressions is equivalent.
  - a. (x + 2)(x + 4) and  $x^2 + 6x + 8$ b. (x + 6)(x + -5) and  $x^2 + x - 30$ c.  $(x^2 + 10x + 7)(2x - 1)$  and  $2x^3 + 19x^2 + 4x - 7$ d.  $(4x^3 - 8)(x^2 + 3)$  and  $4x^5 + 12x^3 - 8x^2 - 24$
- 2. Write a pair of expressions that each have 2 or 3 terms, and trade them with your partner. Multiply the expressions they gave you.

### **4 Spot the Differences**

#### **Student Task Statement**

Let f(x) = (x-2)(x+3)(x-7) and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x-2)(x+3)(x-7)$ .

- 1. Use graphing technology to graph both functions in the same window of  $-10 \le x \le 10$  and  $-100 \le y \le 100$ . Describe how the two graphs are the same and how they are different.
- 2. What degree do these polynomials have? Rewrite each expression in standard form to check.
- 3. Let h(x) = (3x 6)(x + 3)(x 7). What do you think the graph of y = h(x) will look like compared to y = f(x)? Use graphing technology to check your prediction.

Images for Activity Synthesis

