Unit 6 Lesson 13: Amplitude and Midline

1 Comparing Parabolas (Warm up)

Student Task Statement

Match each equation to its graph.

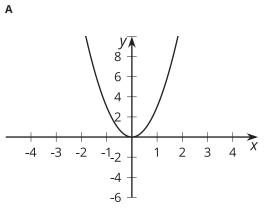
1.
$$y = x^2$$

2. $y = 3x^2$

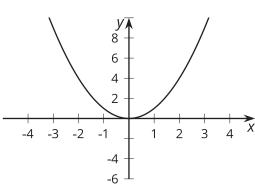
3.
$$y = 3(x - 1)^2$$

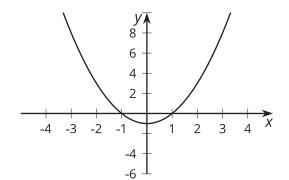
4.
$$y = 3x^2 - 1$$

5.
$$y = x^2 - 1$$

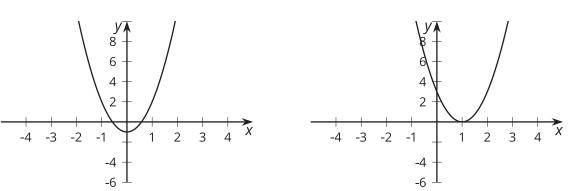


В





D



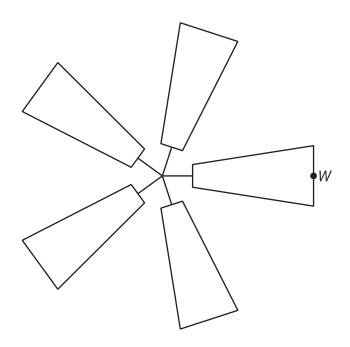
С

Ε

Be prepared to explain how you know which graph belongs with each equation.

2 Blowing in the Wind

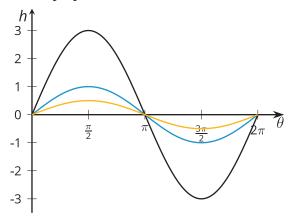
Student Task Statement



Suppose a windmill has a radius of 1 meter and the center of the windmill is (0,0) on a coordinate grid.

- 1. Write a function describing the relationship between the height h of W and the angle of rotation θ . Explain your reasoning.
- Describe how your function and its graph would change if:
 a. the windmill blade has length 3 meters.
 - b. The windmill blade has length 0.5 meter.
- 3. Test your predictions using graphing technology.

Activity Synthesis



3 Up, Up, and Away

Student Task Statement

- 1. A windmill has radius 1 meter and its center is 8 meters off the ground. The point W starts at the tip of a blade in the position farthest to the right and rotates counterclockwise. Write a function describing the relationship between the height h of W, in meters, and the angle θ of rotation.
- 2. Graph your function using technology. How does it compare to the graph where the center of windmill is at (0, 0)?
- 3. What would the graph look like if the center of the windmill were 11 meters off the ground? Explain how you know.

