# Lesson 7: Formas de encontrar la longitud desconocida (parte 1)

## **Standards Alignments**

 Building On
 4.G.A.3, 4.MD.A.3

 Addressing
 4.G.A.3, 4.MD.A, 4.MD.A.3, 4.NF.B.3.c, 4.NF.B.4, 4.NF.B.4.b

## **Teacher-facing Learning Goals**

 Find the perimeter of two-dimensional shapes using their properties.

## **Student-facing Learning Goals**

• Encontremos el perímetro de diferentes figuras.

## Lesson Purpose

The purpose of this lesson is for students to use the known attributes of two-dimensional figures (such as side lengths and symmetry) to reason about the perimeter of shapes.

In previous lessons, students examined the attributes of two-dimensional figures. They identified, sorted, and drew figures based on side length, angle size, presence of parallel or perpendicular sides, and symmetry. In this lesson, students use their understanding of these attributes to find the perimeter of different shapes. In the first activity, students find the perimeter of shapes when all side lengths are given and connect the perimeter of different shapes to equations. In the second activity, students are asked to find the perimeter of shapes when some side lengths are not given. Students use what they have learned about analyzing the attributes of shapes to determine if the perimeters can be found or if they need more information.

## Access for:

## Students with Disabilities

• Representation (Activity 2)

## S English Learners

• MLR8 (Activity 1)

## **Instructional Routines**

MLR3 Clarify, Critique, Correct (Activity 2), Number Talk (Warm-up)

## **Materials to Gather**

• Patty paper: Activity 2, Activity 3

## **Lesson Timeline**

Warm-up	10 min
Activity 1	20 min
Activity 2	15 min
Activity 3	10 min
Lesson Synthesis	10 min
Cool-down	5 min

## **Teacher Reflection Question**

Earlier in the unit, students looked closely at the attributes of two-dimensional figures. In what ways did you see students applying their understanding to find perimeter? How can you continue to foster connections between different geometric ideas in upcoming lessons?

**Cool-down** (to be completed at the end of the lesson)

¿Cuál es el perímetro?

## **Standards Alignments**

Addressing 4.G.A.3, 4.MD.A.3

## **Student-facing Task Statement**

Este es un rectángulo que tiene dos líneas de simetría.

Encuentra su perímetro. Escribe una expresión que muestre cómo lo encontraste.



## **Student Responses**

84 mm. Sample response: 17 + 17 + 25 + 25, or  $(2 \times 17) + 25 + 25$ 

🕚 5 min