## Lesson 6: Increasing and Decreasing

### 6.1: Improving Their Game

Here are the scores from 3 different sports teams from their last 2 games.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| sports team | total points in game 1 | total points in game 2 |
| football team | 22 | 30 |
| basketball team | 100 | 108 |
| baseball team | 4 | 12 |

1. What do you notice about the teams’ scores? What do you wonder?
2. Which team improved the most? Explain your reasoning.

### 6.2: More Cereal and a Discounted Shirt

1. ​​
* A cereal box says that now it contains 20% more. Originally, it came with 18.5 ounces of cereal. How much cereal does the box come with now?
* 
1. ​​
* The price of a shirt is $18.50, but you have a coupon that lowers the price by 20%. What is the price of the shirt after using the coupon?
* 

### 6.3: Using Tape Diagrams

1. Match each situation to a diagram. Be prepared to explain your reasoning.
	1. Compared with last year’s strawberry harvest, this year’s strawberry harvest is a 25% increase.
	2. This year’s blueberry harvest is 75% of last year’s.
	3. Compared with last year, this year’s peach harvest decreased 25%.
	4. This year’s plum harvest is 125% of last year’s plum harvest.
* 
* 
1. Draw a diagram to represent these situations.
	1. The number of ducks living at the pond increased by 40%.
	2. The number of mosquitoes decreased by 80%.

#### Are you ready for more?

What could it mean to say there is a 100% decrease in a quantity? Give an example of a quantity where this makes sense.

### 6.4: Agree or Disagree: Percentages

Do you agree or disagree with each statement? Explain your reasoning.

1. Employee A gets a pay raise of 50%. Employee B gets a pay raise of 45%. So Employee A gets the bigger pay raise.
2. Shirts are on sale for 20% off. You buy two of them. As you pay, the cashier says, “20% off of each shirt means 40% off of the total price.”

### Lesson 6 Summary

Imagine that it takes Andre $\frac{3}{4}$ more than the time it takes Jada to get to school. Then we know that Andre’s time is $1\frac{3}{4}$ or 1.75 times Jada’s time. We can also describe this in terms of percentages:



We say that Andre’s time is 75% more than Jada’s time. We can also see that Andre’s time is 175% of Jada’s time. In general, the terms **percent increase** and **percent decrease** describe an increase or decrease in a quantity as a percentage of the starting amount.

For example, if there were 500 grams of cereal in the original package, then “20% more” means that 20% of 500 grams has been added to the initial amount, $500+(0.2)⋅500=600$, so there are 600 grams of cereal in the new package.



We can see that the new amount is 120% of the initial amount because

$500+(0.2)⋅500=(1+0.2)500$





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