## Unit 1 Lesson 2: Finding Area by Decomposing and Rearranging

## 1 What is Area? (Warm up)

## Student Task Statement

You may recall that the term area tells us something about the number of squares inside a two-dimensional shape.

1. Here are four drawings that each show squares inside a shape. Select all drawings whose squares could be used to find the area of the shape. Be prepared to explain your reasoning.

2. Write a definition of area that includes all the information that you think is important.

## 2 Composing Shapes

## Student Task Statement

Your teacher will give you one square and some small, medium, and large right triangles. The area of the square is 1 square unit.

1. Notice that you can put together two small triangles to make a square. What is the area of the square composed of two small triangles? Be prepared to explain your reasoning.
2. Use your shapes to create a new shape with an area of 1 square unit that is not a square. Trace your shape.
3. Use your shapes to create a new shape with an area of 2 square units. Trace your shape.
4. Use your shapes to create a different shape with an area of 2 square units. Trace your shape.
5. Use your shapes to create a new shape with an area of 4 square units. Trace your shape.

## Activity Synthesis



## 3 Tangram Triangles (Optional)

## Student Task Statement

Recall that the area of the square you saw earlier is 1 square unit. Complete each statement and explain your reasoning.

1. The area of the small triangle is $\qquad$ square units. I know this because . . .
2. The area of the medium triangle is $\qquad$ square units. I know this because . . .
3. The area of the large triangle is $\qquad$ square units. I know this because . . .

## Images for Activity Synthesis



