## Family Support Materials

## Multiplying and Dividing Multi-digit Numbers

In this unit, students deepen their understanding of multiplication and division and expand their ability to perform these operations on multi-digit numbers.

## Section A: Features of Patterns

In this section, students analyze patterns. They use ideas related to multiplication (such as factors, multiples, double, and triple) to describe and extend the patterns.

If the pattern continues, could 50 represent the side length or the area of one of the rectangles?
If so, which step? If not, why not?


## Section B: Multi-Digit Multiplication

In this section, students multiply one-digit numbers and numbers up to four digits, and pairs of two-digit numbers. They learn to use increasingly more efficient methods to multiply.

Students begin by using visual representations—arrays, base-ten diagrams, and grids-to help them find products. They recall that rectangles can be used to represent multiplication, with the side lengths representing the factors and the area representing the product.

Students see that it helps to decompose (break apart) the factors by place value. For example, to multiply 31 and 15 , we can think of the 31 as $30+1$ and the 15 as $10+5$. We can then label these values on a diagram, multiply the parts separately, and add the partial products.


Later, students use an algorithm that lists partial products vertically. This work prepares them to make sense of the standard algorithm for multiplication, to be studied closely in grade 5.

## Section C: Multi-Digit Division

In this section, students divide larger numbers (up to four digits), explore new division strategies, and interpret division situations that involve remainders.

Students begin by solving various problems that involve division, including those about equal groups, factors and multiples, and area of rectangles. They recall that an expression such as $96 \div 8$ can be used to find how many groups of 8 in 96 , or to find the size of one group if 96 are put into 8 equal groups.


## Section D: Let's Put It To Work: Problem Solving with Large Numbers

Students solve a variety of problems that involve all four operations on multi-digit numbers. The problems can be approached in many ways, allowing students to choose their methods and representations strategically. Many of them also involve multiple steps.

## Try it at home!

Near the end of the unit, ask your student to solve the following problems:

- $16 \times 48$
- $324 \div 6$

Questions that may be helpful as they work:

- Can you draw a diagram to help you solve the problem?
- Can you explain the steps of your algorithm?

