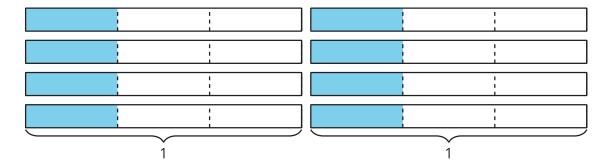


Lesson 5: Equivalent Multiplication Expressions

• Let's write multiplication expressions in different ways.

Warm-up: How Many Do You See?

How many thirds do you see? How do you see them?



5.1: Complete the Equations

1. Find the number that makes each equation true. Draw a diagram if it is helpful.

$$\frac{12}{5} = 12 \times$$

$$\frac{12}{5} = 3 \times$$

$$\frac{12}{5} = 6 \times$$

$$\frac{12}{5} = 2 \times$$

$$\frac{12}{5} = 4 \times$$

$$\frac{12}{5} = 1 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

2. Here are two sets of numbers:

Set A:

$$\frac{1}{7}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{4}{7}, \frac{5}{7}, \frac{6}{7}, \frac{7}{7}$$

a. Choose a number from set A and a number from set B to complete this equation and make it true:

$$\frac{6}{7} = \underline{\qquad} \times \underline{\qquad}$$

b. Choose a different number from set A and a number from set B to complete the equation to make it true.

$$\frac{6}{7} = \underline{\qquad} \times \underline{\qquad}$$

3. Explain or show how you know that the two equations you wrote are both true.



5.2: Fractions and Matching Expressions

Here is a set of expressions.

A.

$$6 \times \frac{1}{10}$$

В.

$$2 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{9}$$

C.

$$4 \times \frac{1}{5}$$

D.

$$3 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{10}$$

E.

$$5 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{12}$$

$$2 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{5}$$

G.

$$4 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{9}$$

Н.

$$10 \times \frac{1}{12}$$

١.

$$4 \times \frac{1}{12}$$

1. Match each expression to one of the following fractions, if possible. Record your matches. Be prepared to explain how you know there is or isn't a match.

$$\frac{10}{12}$$

$$\frac{8}{9}$$

2. Complete each equation to make it true. Try to do so without using unit fractions.

a.
$$\frac{4}{5} =$$
_____×____

$$\frac{4}{5} =$$
_____×____

b.
$$\frac{10}{12} =$$
_______X

$$\frac{10}{12} =$$
____×____

c.
$$\frac{6}{10} =$$
_____×____

$$\frac{6}{10} =$$
_____×____

d.
$$\frac{8}{9} =$$
_____×____

$$\frac{8}{9} =$$
_____×____