## Lesson 6: Problems with Equal Groups of Fractions

- Let's solve problems with fractions.


## Warm-up: True or False: Two and Three Factors

Decide whether each statement is true or false. Be prepared to explain your reasoning.

- $\frac{10}{12}=5 \times \frac{2}{12}$
- $1 \times \frac{10}{12}=5 \times \frac{2}{12}$
- $\frac{24}{4}=6 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{4}$
- $12 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{4}=8 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{4}$


## 6.1: Banana Bread Recipe

A bakery is making banana bread. Here is the recipe for 1 batch.

Recipe:

- 1 banana
- $\frac{2}{3}$ cup butter
- $\frac{3}{2}$ teaspoons baking soda
- $\frac{5}{8}$ cup sugar
- 2 large eggs
- $\frac{5}{2}$ cups of all-purpose flour

1. The bakery makes 2 batches of banana bread on Monday. Complete the table to show how much of each ingredient is used.

Monday's banana bread

| ingredient | expression | amount of ingredient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bananas |  |  |
| butter |  | $\ldots$ cup(s) |
| baking soda |  | _ teaspoon(s) |
| sugar |  | _ cup(s) |
| eggs |  | - |
| flour |  | __ cup(s) |

2. On Tuesday, the bakery needs $\frac{8}{3}$ cups of butter to make enough banana bread for the day. How many batches were made? Explain or show your reasoning.

Recipe:

- 1 banana
- $\frac{2}{3}$ cup butter
- $\frac{3}{2}$ teaspoons baking soda
- $\frac{5}{8}$ cup sugar
- 2 large eggs
- $\frac{5}{2}$ cups of all-purpose flour

3. Based on the number of the batches made on Tuesday, complete the table for each ingredient.

Tuesday's banana bread

| ingredient | expression | amount of ingredient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bananas |  | $-\quad \frac{8}{3}$ cups |
| butter |  |  |
| baking soda |  |  |
| sugar |  |  |
| eggs |  | cup(s) |
| flour |  |  |

## 6.2: How Much Milk Was Used?

The bakery that sells banana bread also sells fresh milkshakes. Each serving uses $\frac{1}{10}$ liter of milk.

Here are five descriptions of the milkshakes sold in a week and five expressions that represent the liters of milk used.

Match each description to an expression that represents it.

1. On Monday, the bakery sold 8 servings of milkshake. How much milk was used?
2. On Tuesday, two customers bought 4 servings of milkshake each. How much milk was used?

$$
4 \times\left(2 \times \frac{1}{10}\right)
$$

mikshake ach. How much mik was used?
$4 \times \frac{2}{10}$
3. On Wednesday, four customers bought 2 servings of milkshake each. How much milk was used?
4. On Thursday, two customers each bought a serving of milkshake. They placed the same order three more times for their friends that day. How much milk was used?
5. On Saturday, four friends each purchased a serving of milkshake for breakfast. They came back for the same after dinner. How much milk was used?

## Section Summary

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In this section, we learned to multiply a whole number and a fraction by thinking about equal-size groups, just as we did when multiplying two whole numbers.

For instance, we can think of $6 \times 4$ as 6 groups of 4 . A diagram like this can help to show that the product is 24 :

| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Likewise, we can think of $6 \times \frac{1}{4}$ as 6 groups of $\frac{1}{4}$. Diagrams can help us see that the product is $\frac{6}{4}$ :


| $\frac{1}{4}$ | $:$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $:$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $:$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $:$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

After studying patterns, we saw that when we multiply a whole number and a fraction, the whole number is multiplied only by the numerator of the fraction and the denominator stays the same. For example:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 6 \times \frac{1}{2}=\frac{6}{2} \\
& 2 \times \frac{4}{5}=\frac{8}{5}
\end{aligned}
$$

We also learned that:

- Every fraction can be written as a product of a whole number and a unit fraction. For example, $\frac{5}{4}$ can be written as $5 \times \frac{1}{4}$.
- We can write different multiplication expressions for the same fraction. For example, $\frac{8}{3}$ can be written as:

$$
8 \times \frac{1}{3} \quad 4 \times 2 \times \frac{1}{3} \quad 4 \times \frac{2}{3} \quad 2 \times \frac{4}{3}
$$

